XEP-0027: Current Jabber OpenPGP Usage

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This document outlines the current usage of OpenPGP for messaging and presence.
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1 Introduction

The Jabber community has long acknowledged the need for privacy and security features in a well-rounded instant messaging system. Unfortunately, finding a consensus solution to the problem of end-to-end encryption during the community’s younger days was not easy. Eventually, early contributors created a quick solution using OpenPGP (RFC 4880). This specification documents the OpenPGP solution as it is used today, so that others may interoperate with clients that support it. This document is not intended to present a standard, because more complete solutions are being investigated.

All operations described here are done with standard OpenPGP software such as GnuPG. All program output is US-ASCII armored output with the headers removed. This allows for easy transportation of the program output directly in the XML. All keys are exchanged using OpenPGP key servers, and usually are retrieved when a signed <presence/> stanza is received (key retrieval does not happen in-band).

2 Signing

Signing enables a sender to verify that they sent a certain block of text. In Jabber, signing uses the 'jabber:x:signed' namespace, and is primarily used with <presence/>, but may also be used with <message/>. The text that is signed MAY be the empty string. When signing presence, the sender SHOULD sign the XML character data of the <status> element. The sender SHOULD sign presence using the private key whose KeyID corresponds to the public key to be used in encrypting messages (see below).

Listing 1: A signed presence stanza

```xml
<presence from='pgmillard@jabber.org/wj_dev2' to='jer@jabber.org'>
  <status>Online</status>
  <x xmlns='jabber:x:signed'>
    iQA/AwUBOjUsdno13d88aZ77EIQI2JACfRngLJ045brNnaCX78ykKNUZaTIoAoPHI
    2ujxPMGR73EBIvEpcv0LRS+y+45f8
  </x>
</presence>
```

3 Encrypting

Encryption enables the sender to encrypt a message to a specific recipient. This is accomplished using the 'jabber:x:encrypted' namespace in conjunction with <message/> stanzas. Because a block of text is necessary in order to have something to encrypt, <message/> stanzas intended to be encrypted have the same restrictions as signing (see above). The data

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encrypted MUST be the XML character data of the <body> element. The sender SHOULD encrypt the message body using the public key whose KeyID corresponds to the private key used in signing presence (see above).

Listing 2: An encrypted message stanza

```xml
<message to='reatmon@jabber.org/jarl' from='pgmillard@jabber.org/wj_dev2'>
  <body>This message is encrypted.</body>
  <x xmlns='jabber:x:encrypted'>
    qANQR1DBwU4DX7jmYZncmUQB/9KuKBdzdQH+tZ1ZywKK0yHKq57kWq+RFtQdCj
    WpdWrR0uQsUJe7+vh3WNn59/gTC5MD1x8dS9p0ovStmNcyLhxVgmqS8ZKhsblVeu
    lP0JgavABqibJo1c3BKrVtVViNgKiX/N7P18RtY1K18toaMDhDefhBRzO/XB0+P
    AqyhYRjNacGcs1khXqNjK5V4u4tu0APy2n1Q8UUrHbUd0g+xJ9BmG0LZXyvCWyK
    kuNEHFIqLuCY61v0myq6iY66tuHehZIFSh8b05BVV9tNlwNREeq1xMcDmoghoJ9A
    w7R61cCPT8K5dS8Vc18K+StqOM25hkosVjUqVcE8uJ9RupdpB/4m9E3gOQZCBsmq
    OsX4/jJhn2wfsFYYdqkBNKnuYoKcnwrlm6i+w7Z2p0R8Ttv8peNCwK96ETL/XS
    mhn4bCxoUKCTv3k+8a+Jdvbov9ucduUSFueCBq4/10fpHmPhHqKfOxmaWjveFF
    619NXyYyFcoLTmWk2AaTHVCjktKdf1WmwcTa0vFfK8BuHkdah6kJii7w/yNwa/E
    06CMymuZTr/LpcKkkWwCt+SERxqmq8ekP18h70NwMxZBYAa70J1rXKKnqL9dpbTI
    824Mf0mXj7q5N1eMHvXlQEOkLAda/Ae3TTeEvOyeUKIDegvxFM2KZR11RZu+XtIE
    My/bJk7EycAw8P/QKe1eN10pxP58VEd6Gb8NCPqK0YN/LKh1+c2ZNVENPFM4bNV
    AXAhB4UtFF7Ao8kpd1rUqKyd74EtmndmYq0+iIIVEarW19pxOMY90KAnZrSaq
    bt9uRY/1rPge1RaWb1MKwgvqP08++i8VjdeyGgMoDXX0iE851vE72ftGxksDHH8mW
    TgY3pf2aATmBp31agQ1COKGS/xupovT5AQPa3RzbCxDv6s6eGYkmVVQVj5vmSj1
    WULad5MB9k12ZcM6F05y063nWGBYMMWei7rGlpoj4eAnj9qO7r7TWmgv3RkYF
    0in0vD0hW7aC
  </x>
</message>
```

It is considered polite to include an unencrypted message <body/> explaining that the actual message body is encrypted. This helps if the client experiences an error while decrypting the message, or if the user’s client that does not support encryption (although generally this should not happen, since the signed presence can be used to indicate that a client accepts encrypted messages).

4 Security Considerations

The method defined herein has the following security issues:

- Key exchange relies on the web of trust model used on the OpenPGP keys network.
- There is no mechanism for checking a fingerprint or ownership of a key other than checking the user IDs on a key.
• When the recipient is not mentioned in the encrypted body, replay attacks are possible on messages.

• Replay of the signed <presence/> status is possible.

• It relies on signing or encryption of XML character data; therefore, it does not support signing or encryption of <iq/> stanzas, and it allows signing of the presence <status/> element and encryption of the message <body/> element only. Thus the method is not acceptable when signing or encryption of full stanzas is required.

• It does not enable both signing and encryption of a stanza, only signing of the presence status and encryption of the message body.

5 Other Known Issues

In addition to the security considerations listed above, there are several other known issues with this method:

• It is limited to PGP keys and does not support X.509 certificates, Kerberos, RSA keys, etc.

• It does not include feature negotiation; instead, signed <presence/> is used as an indicator of support. Because of the lack of negotiation it is possible for encrypted <message/> elements to be stored offline and then read by a client that cannot support them.

• It is verbose (the example encrypted <message/> is "Hi").

6 IANA Considerations

This document requires no interaction with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) ².

7 XMPP Registrar Considerations

The XMPP Registrar ³ shall register the 'jabber:x:encrypted' and 'jabber:x:signed' namespaces as a result of this document.

²The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) is the central coordinator for the assignment of unique parameter values for Internet protocols, such as port numbers and URI schemes. For further information, see <http://www.iana.org/>.

³The XMPP Registrar maintains a list of reserved protocol namespaces as well as registries of parameters used in the context of XMPP extension protocols approved by the XMPP Standards Foundation. For further information, see <https://xmpp.org/registrar/>.
8 XML Schemas

8.1 jabber:x:encrypted

```xml
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
    xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
    targetNamespace='jabber:x:encrypted'
    xmlns='jabber:x:encrypted'
    elementFormDefault='qualified'>

    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            The protocol documented by this schema is defined in XEP-0027: http://www.xmpp.org/extensions/xep-0027.html
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>

    <xs:element name='x' type='xs:string'/>
</xs:schema>
```

8.2 jabber:x:signed

```xml
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
    xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
    targetNamespace='jabber:x:signed'
    xmlns='jabber:x:signed'
    elementFormDefault='qualified'>

    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            The protocol documented by this schema is defined in XEP-0027: http://www.xmpp.org/extensions/xep-0027.html
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>

    <xs:element name='x' type='xs:string'/>
</xs:schema>
```