XEP-0087: Stream Initiation

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<td>si</td>
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A common method to initiate a stream with meta information
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## Contents

1  Introduction ..................................................................................................  1

2  Requirements ..................................................................................................  1

   2.1  Use Case ..................................................................................................  1

3  Basic Usage .....................................................................................................  1

4  Detailed Usage ..................................................................................................  3

   4.1  Profiles ..................................................................................................  3

   4.2  Stream Interaction ....................................................................................  4

   4.3  `<si>` Explanation ....................................................................................  4

   4.4  Error Codes ..............................................................................................  5

5  Security Considerations .......................................................................................  5

6  IANA Considerations ..........................................................................................  5

7  XMPP Registrar Considerations ..........................................................................  6

8  Formal Definition ..................................................................................................  6

   8.1  Schema ....................................................................................................  6

   8.2  DTD .........................................................................................................  6
1 Introduction

As more people begin to make use of streams in Jabber, there becomes a need for more descriptive negotiation of which stream to use. This document provides a method to negotiate a stream and provide some meta-information about the streams usage.

2 Requirements

• The defined protocol will allow for negotiation of a common stream.
• The defined protocol will allow for meta-information to be sent about the stream usage.
• The defined protocol will not be required for stream usage.

2.1 Use Case

Sender wishes to interact with another user, using a method that requires streams.

Primary Flow:

1. Sender discovers if Receiver implements the desired profile. [E1]
2. Sender offers a stream initiation. [E2]
3. Receiver accepts stream initiation.
4. Sender uses the negotiated stream and profile to send the information.

Error Conditions:

1. The Receiver does not support the desired profile, EUC
2. Receiver rejects the stream initiation, EUC

3 Basic Usage

Before a Stream Initiation is attempted the Sender should be sure that the Receiver supports both Stream Initiation and the specific profile that they wish to use. This is discovered by using Service Discovery (XEP-0030) ¹:

Listing 1: Requesting Disco Information From Receiver

```xml
<iq
type='get' 
to='receiver@jabber.org/resource'
from='sender@jabber.org/resource'
id='info1'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
</iq>
```

The Receiver will advertise the "http://jabber.org/protocol/si" namespace as a feature to represent they implement this document. The specific profiles can be found by looking for "http://jabber.org/protocol/si/profile/profile-name". Shown in the result is a potential file transfer profile:

Listing 2: Receiver Disco Information Result

```xml
<iq
type='result' 
to='sender@jabber.org/resource'
from='receiver@jabber.org/resource'
id='info1'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'>
    <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/si'/>
    <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/si/profile/filexfer'/>
  </query>
</iq>
```

Now that the Sender is sure that the Receiver support Stream Initiation they send the offer:

Listing 3: Offer Stream Initiation

```xml
<iq type='set' id='offer1' to='receiver@jabber.org/resource'>
  <si xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/si'
      id='a0'
      mime-type='application/octet-stream'
      profile='http://jabber.org/protocol/si/profile/profile-name'>
    <header name='key'>value</header>
    <feature xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/feature-neg'>
      <x xmlns='jabber:x:data'>
        <field var='file-transfer-method' type='list-single'>
          <option><value>s5b</value></option>
          <option><value>jabber:iq:oob</value></option>
          <option><value>ibb</value></option>
        </field>
      </x>
    </feature>
  </si>
</iq>
```
At this point the Receiver can view the headers and other information to decide if they wish to accept the Stream Initiation. If they accept they MUST select one of the presented stream types to use. If none of the stream types are acceptable the Receiver MUST reply with an error:

Listing 4: Accept Stream Initiation

```xml
<iq type='result' to='sender@jabber.org/resource' id='offer1'>
  <si
    xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/si'
    id='a0'>
    <feature xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/feature-neg'>
      <x xmlns='jabber:x:data' type='submit'>
        <field var='file-transfer-method'>
          <value>s5b</value>
        </field>
      </x>
    </feature>
  </si>
</iq>
```

Listing 5: Rejecting Stream Initiation

```xml
<iq type='error' to='sender@jabber.org/resource' id='offer1'>
  <error code='403'>Offer Declined</error>
</iq>
```

Listing 6: No Valid Streams

```xml
<iq type='error' to='sender@jabber.org/resource' id='offer1'>
  <error code='406'>No Valid Streams</error>
</iq>
```

If the Receiver has accepted the Stream Initiation the Sender may then used the semantics defined by the selected stream and start the usage.

## 4 Detailed Usage

### 4.1 Profiles

While Stream Initiation itself is helpful, it makes much more sense when what is being transported over the stream is known. Knowing this allows the Receiver to make a more educated choice about whether or not to accept the stream. This information is transported in Stream Initiation through a **profile**. A profile is a series of required and optional headers that describe the stream data or how the stream is to be used. Each Stream Initiation MUST
have only one profile, so the stream usage is kept clear.
Creating a profile is fairly simple. First, a name is chosen, the complete name is formatted like:

```
http://jabber.org/protocol/si/profile/profile-name
```

The complete name is what is presented in information discovery requests in order to show that the profile is supported. It is also used for the `<si>` profile attribute. Next, the information for the headers is decided upon. Each piece of information will be transported in a `<header>` tag. The name attribute is a descriptive key that can be looked up at the XMPP Registrar or XEP describing the profile. The actual data in the `<header>` is the fact related to the name attribute. It must also be stated whether the header is required or optional.

This document does not define any profiles, nor does it place any restrictions on what type of information a profile should detail. This document also does not place restrictions on what may be placed in a `<header>`. Other XEPs will define profiles to be used with Stream Initiation.

### 4.2 Stream Interaction

While Stream Initiation is not directly required for stream usage, it does provide many benefits. In order to fully appreciate these benefits, streams must link the Stream Initiation to the stream. The `id` attribute of the `<si>` node is intended to provide this link. It is out of scope of this document to define how streams will make use of this facility, but it does suggest some methods:

- Transport the Stream Initiation `id` with the stream negotiation as a namespaced attribute, such as:

  ```
  <stream id='0' xmlns:si='http://jabber.org/protocol/si' si:id='si0'>
  <start/>
  </stream>
  ```

- Transport the Stream Initiation `id` in a namespaced tag, such as:

  ```
  <stream id='0'>
  <start/>
  <si xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/si' id='si0'/>
  </stream>
  ```

### 4.3 `<si>` Explanation

The attributes and data of `<si>` are fairly simple:
• **id** - An opaque identifier generated by the Sender.

• **mime-type** - The mime-type of the data being negotiated, selected by Sender.

• **profile** - The profile’s full name, selected by Sender.

The data of the node is a mixture of a feature negotiation for the stream and the profiles headers.

When the Sender is offering a Stream Initiation all of the attributes must be present. The data MUST contain the required profile headers and the feature negotiation for the stream MUST be present with at least one option. The optional profile headers MAY also be in the node data.

When the Receiver accepts a Stream Initiation the id attribute MUST be present, all other attributes MUST NOT be present. The selected stream MUST be in the feature negotiation for the stream. There MUST only be one selected stream.

### 4.4 Error Codes

There are two error codes that are used. Following are the conditions, meanings and data:

- **Declining Transfer (403)**: During the Stream Initiation the Receiver may decline the transfer by sending the 403 error. The `<error/>` CDATA MAY contain a descriptive reason why, but is not necessary.

- **No Available Methods (406)**: When the Sender presents the available stream methods, and the Receiver can not use any of them, they send a 406 error. The `<error/>` CDATA is not important.

### 5 Security Considerations

Data security concerns are left to the profiles to define. Wire security concerns are left to the stream definitions.

### 6 IANA Considerations

This document uses the MIME types as recorded by IANA, but no other direct interaction is necessary.
7 XMPP Registrar Considerations

The "http://jabber.org/protocol/si" namespace will be registered. The registrar will track header profiles for different stream initiation uses.

8 Formal Definition

8.1 Schema

To follow.

8.2 DTD

To follow.