This specification defines Binary XMPP, an obviously superior representation of the Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP).
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1 Introduction

Everyone knows that binary data encodings are much more efficient than the Extensible Markup Language (XML). Given that XMPP is an application profile of XML, it is a wonder that XMPP works at all! Clearly, XMPP would benefit from a binary representation. Therefore, this specification defines Binary XMPP.

2 Protocol

XMPP Core defines the traditional representation of XMPP. For instance, an empty presence stanza (such as might be provided on login) is as follows:

Listing 1: Traditional XMPP stanza

```xml
<presence/>
```

That string can be represented in binary as follows:

Listing 2: Binary representation

```
0011110001110000011100100110010101110011011001010110111001100011011001010010111100111110
```

The bit sequence is therefore represented in Binary XMPP as follows (line breaks are provided only for the purpose of readability):

Listing 3: Binary XMPP representation

```
<zero/><zero/><one/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
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<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/>
<zero/><one/><one/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero/><zero>
```

This is an obvious improvement over the traditional representation. It might be objected that the Binary XMPP representation requires a large number of XML elements. However, because all data is represented using only `<zero/>` and `<one/>`, the protocol can be significantly compressed using the standard ZLIB compression algorithm as

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3 Examples

The following examples showcase the tremendous efficiency of Binary XMPP using a complete session between a client and a server.

Listing 4: Client sends initial stream header (XMPP)

```xml
<stream:stream
  from='juliet@example.com'
  to='example.com'
  version='1.0'
  xml:lang='en'
  xmlns='jabber:client'
  xmlns:stream='http://etherx.jabber.org/streams'>
```

Listing 5: Binary XMPP representation

```xml
3 EXAMPLES
Listing 6: Server sends response stream header (XMPP)

```
<stream:stream
  from='example.com'
  id='7AMChjMwKQnIjZPIDEI,'
  to='juliet@example.com'
>`
version='1.0'
xmllang='en'
xmllsr='jabber:client'
xmllsstream='http://etherx.jabber.org/streams'
EXAMPLES
Listing 8: Server sends stream features (XMPP)

```xml
<stream:features>
</stream:features>
```
Listing 9: Binary XMPP representation

```xml
<starttls xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:xmpp-tls'>
  <required/>
</starttls>
</stream:features>
```
Listing 10: Client sends STARTTLS command to server

<starttls xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:xmpp-tls'/>

Listing 11: Binary XMPP representation

<xzero xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:xmpp-tls'/>

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Listing 12: Server informs client that it is allowed to proceed

<pre>xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:xmpp-tls'/>

Listing 13: Binary XMPP representation
And so on. Much more efficient, eh?

4 Internationalization Considerations

The <zero/> and <one/> elements use English-language words as the element names. Clearly it would have been preferable to define an i18n-friendly binding, such that German-language applications could encode Binary XMPP using the <null/> and <eins/> elements, Greek-language applications could use the <zero/> and <ένα/> elements, etc. Flexibility regarding internationalization of the element names may be added in Binary XMPP 2.0.

5 Security Considerations

Because it is simply an alternative representation of XMPP, Binary XMPP inherits all of the security characteristics of XMPP (the good, the bad, and the ugly).

Use of port 10110 is obviously secure, since 10110 in base 2 is 22 in base 10, the same default port as Secure Shell (see RFC 4251 4).

6 IANA Considerations

The XMPP Registrar 5 shall work with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) 6 to register "bxmlp" as a keyword for port 10111.

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5The XMPP Registrar maintains a list of reserved protocol namespaces as well as registries of parameters used in the context of XMPP extension protocols approved by the XMPP Standards Foundation. For further information, see <https://xmpp.org/registrar/>.

6The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) is the central coordinator for the assignment of unique parameter values for Internet protocols, such as port numbers and URI schemes. For further information, see <http://www.iana.org/>.
7 XMPP Registrar Considerations

The XMPP Registrar shall include 'urn:xmpp:bxmpp' in its registry of protocol namespaces (see <https://xmpp.org/registrar/namespaces.html>).

8 XML Schema

```xml
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
   xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
   targetNamespace='urn:xmpp:bxmpp'
   xmlns='urn:xmpp:bxmpp'
   elementFormDefault='qualified'>
  <xs:element name='one' type='empty'/>
  <xs:element name='zero' type='empty'/>
  <xs:simpleType name='empty'>
    <xs:restriction base='xs:string'>
      <xs:enumeration value=''/>
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:schema>
```

9 Acknowledgements

Thanks to Kevin Smith for his feedback.