XEP-0309: Service Directories

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Short Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deferred</td>
<td>Standards Track</td>
<td>NOT_YET_ASSIGNED</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

This specification shows how to combine and extend a number of existing XMPP protocols for improved sharing of information about XMPP servers.
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1 Introduction

Several directories (e.g., at xmpp.net and jabberes.org) have long provided information about public XMPP services so that end users can more easily find servers to register with, add-on components to use for features such as Multi-User Chat (XEP-0045) 1, etc. These service directories tend to rely on humans to gather and in some cases verify the information they publish before providing it via the World Wide Web or the XMPP network for use by end users and IM client software. However, relying on humans to gather and verify such information can result in significant delays and errors. It would be better to automate the information-gathering functions as much as possible.

This document shows how to combine and extend a number of existing XMPP protocols for (mostly) automated gathering of information about public XMPP services. Widespread deployment of this specification will result in more timely, accurate information about the services available on the XMPP network.

2 Gathering Information

The following scenario involves two entities:

- A server directory: xmpp.net
- A public XMPP service: jabber.org

Note: Although the entity that gathers information for a directory could be a client or a component, here we assume that it is a server (“xmpp.net”).

These two entities use Server Buddies (XEP-0267) 2, Service Discovery (XEP-0030) 3, and vCard4 over XMPP (XEP-0292) 4 in the following ways.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directory (xmpp.net)</th>
<th>Service (jabber.org)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[first, server learns identity of directory]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| <----disco info request-------->
| | ----disco info response------> |
| | [second, entities become "buddies" per XEP-0267] |

2.1 Server Discovers Directory

In order to determine the exact identity of the directory, the server sends a service discovery information request to the directory.

Listing 1: Server Queries Directory

```
<iq type='get'
    from='jabber.org'
    to='xmpp.net'
    id='xh1f37n5'>
    <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
</iq>
```

Listing 2: Directory Returns Disco Info

```
<iq type='result'
    from='xmpp.net'
    to='jabber.org'
    id='xh1f37n5'>
    <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'>
        <identity category='directory' type='server'/>
        <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
        <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#items'/>
        <feature var='urn:xmpp:server-presence'/>
    </query>
</iq>
```

Note: Inclusion of the "directory/server" identity indicates that xmpp.net is a service directory.
2.2 Service Subscribes to Directory

If the service wishes to have its information aggregated, it sends a presence subscription request to the directory as described in XEP-0267.

Listing 3: Service Sends Subscription Request to Directory

```xml
<presence from='jabber.org' to='xmpp.net' type='subscribe'/>
```

Upon receiving the presence subscription request, the directory approves it.

Listing 4: Directory Sends Approval to Server

```xml
<presence from='xmpp.net' to='jabber.org' type='subscribed'/>
```

The directory also sends a subscription request to the server.

Listing 5: Directory Sends Subscription Request to Server

```xml
<presence from='xmpp.net' to='jabber.org' type='subscribe'/>
```

The service then approves that subscription request, as well.

Listing 6: Service Sends Approval to Directory

```xml
<presence from='jabber.org' to='xmpp.net' type='subscribed'/>
```

2.3 Directory Queries Server

After the subscription handshake has been completed, the directory queries the server for information. There are two aspects: service discovery ("disco") information and vCard information.

2.3.1 Disco Query

In order to determine the exact identity of the server, the directory sends a service discovery information request to the server.
2 GATHERING INFORMATION

Listing 7: Directory Queries Server

```
<iq type='get' from='xmpp.net' to='jabber.org' id='i3vs51b9'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
</iq>
```

Listing 8: Server Returns Disco Info

```
<iq type='result' from='jabber.org' to='xmpp.net' id='i3vs51b9'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'>
    <identity category='server' type='im'/>
    <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
    <feature var='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#items'/>
    <feature var='jabber:iq:register'/>
    <feature var='urn:xmpp:server-presence'/>
    <feature var='urn:xmpp:public-server'/>
  </query>
</iq>
```

Note: If the server is a public node on the XMPP network, it includes a service discovery feature of "urn:xmpp:public-server". This feature is defined below.

Note: If the server allows In-Band Registration (XEP-0077) 5, it includes a service discovery feature of "jabber:iq:register". If the server does not allow in-band registration but allows account registration at a website, it includes the registration URL in its vCard as described below.

The foregoing examples show the gathering of disco#info data (identity and supported features). A directory MAY also gather disco#items data about components and other services associated with the base XMPP service at a domain.

2.3.2 vCard Query

In order to gather additional information about the server, the directory sends a vCard information request to the server.

Note: Because vCard4 enables the XMPP community to more easily define extensions to vCard (e.g., for registration URLs), it is RECOMMENDED for servers to support vCard4 over XMPP (XEP-0292) 6 in addition to, or instead of, vcard-temp (XEP-0054) 7.

---


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GATHERING INFORMATION

Listing 9: Directory Requests vCard Data from Server

```xml
<iq from='xmpp.net'
    id='lw71bs73'
    to='jabber.org'
    type='get'>
  <vcard xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:vcard-4.0'/>
</iq>
```

Listing 10: Server Returns vCard Data

```xml
<iq from='jabber.org'
    id='lw71bs73'
    to='xmpp.net'
    type='result'>
  <vcard xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:vcard-4.0'>
    <fn><text>jabber.org IM service</text></fn>
    <url><uri>http://www.jabber.org</uri></url>
    <lang>
      <parameters><pref>1</pref></parameters>
      <language-tag>en</language-tag>
    </lang>
    <adr>
      <region>IA</region>
      <country>US</country>
    </adr>
    <email><text>xmpp@jabber.org</text></email>
    <impp><uri>xmpp:jabber.org</uri></impp>
    <logo><uri>http://www.jabber.org/images/logo.png</uri></logo>
    <geo><uri>geo:42.25,-91.05</uri></geo>
    <tz><text>America/Chicago</text></tz>
    <kind><text>application</text></kind>
    <registration xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1'>
      <uri>https://register.jabber.org</uri>
    </registration>
  </vcard>
</iq>
```

It is RECOMMENDED for public server vCards to include the following information:

- A friendly name for the service (<fn/>)
- A URL for general information about the service (<url/>)
- The country where the service is located (<adr><country/></adr>)
- An email address or alias for contacting the administrators (<email/>)
- The XMPP address for the service (<impp/>)

5
It is OPTIONAL for public server vCards to include the following information:

- Preferred language of communication with the administrators (<lang/>)
- Region where the service is located (<adr><region/></adr>)
- Logo for the service (<logo/>)
- Geographical coordinates for the service (<geo/>)
- Registration URI (<registration xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1'/> and its <uri/> child)
- Certification authority name and URI (<ca xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:ca:0'/> and its <name/> and <uri/> children)
- Software name (<name/> element qualified by the 'jabber:iq:version' namespace defined in Software Version (XEP-0092) 9)

It is best for the server directory to discover the last two elements in-band (by means of TLS negotiation and software version, respectively), then add them to the contact vCard as described in the next section.

3 Publishing Information

Currently, service directories such as xmpp.net and jabberes.org publish their information on the World Wide Web, typically at a human-friendly website and sometimes also by means of machine-readable files at a well-known URI for use by IM clients to pre-populate drop-down boxes showing XMPP servers that allow in-band registration. (For example, the xmpp.net service publishes a file listing registered public servers using the Service Discovery (XEP-0030) 10 format.)

In addition to publishing such information on the web, this document defines a second publishing path: the XMPP network itself. The directory can do this by creating a public Publish-Subscribe (XEP-0060) 11 node at the directory’s bare domain (e.g., xmpp.net) that pushes data in the vCard4 format, as described more fully in XEP-0292. Other entities can then subscribe to this node to receive updated information about services that are added to or removed from the directory.

For example, the following stanza shows an information push from the xmpp.net directory:

---

about the jabber.org service, sent to a subscriber at example.com.

Listing 11: Directory Pushes Server Data to Subscriber

```
<message from='xmpp.net'
to='example.com'
type='headline'
id='hx61cs8k'>
<event xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/pubsub#event'>
<items node='urn:xmpp:contacts'>
  <item id='3B55FBC7-8149-4693-A1A1-5367E2A49C83'>
    <vcard xmlns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:vcard-4.0'>
      <fn><text>xabber.org IM service</text></fn>
      <url><uri>http://www.xabber.org</uri></url>
      <lang>
        <parameters><pref>1</pref></parameters>
        <language-tag>en</language-tag>
      </lang>
      <adr>
        <region>IA</region>
        <country>US</country>
      </adr>
      <email><text>xabber@jabber.org</text></email>
      <impp><uri>xabber.org</uri></impp>
      <logo><uri>http://www.xabber.org/images/logo.png</uri></logo>
      <geo><uri>geo:42.25,-91.05</uri></geo>
      <tz><text>America/Chicago</text></tz>
      <kind><text>application</text></kind>
      <registration xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1'>
        <uri>https://register.xabber.org</uri>
      </registration>
      <ca xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:ca:0'>
        <name>StartSSL</name>
        <url>http://www.startssl.com</url>
      </ca>
      <name xmlns='jabber:iq:version'>Isode M-Link</name>
    </vcard>
  </item>
</items>
</event>
</message>
```

4 Security Considerations

Because a service directory does not know about an XMPP service unless the administrator of the service initiates a presence subscription to the directory, information leakage is
Use of the "urn:xmpp:public-server" service discovery feature provides a way for an XMPP server to explicitly indicate that its information is public. Use of the "directory/server" service discovery identity provides a way for a service directory to explicitly indicate that it gathers service information obtained from XMPP servers that contact it.

5 IANA Considerations

This document requires no interaction with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) 12.

6 XMPP Registrar Considerations

6.1 Protocol Namespaces

This document registers the following XML namespaces:

- 'urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1' (used to qualify the XMPP-specific vCard4 extension for account registration URLs)
- 'urn:xmpp:vcard:ca:0' (used to qualify the XMPP-specific vCard4 extension for information about certification authorities)

The XMPP Registrar shall add these namespaces to its registry at <https://xmpp.org/registrar/namespaces.html>.

6.2 Service Discovery Category/Type

This document specifies that a service directory is identified by the "directory" category and the "server" type within XMPP Service Discovery. The XMPP Registrar shall add the "server" type to the "directory" category already listed in the registry at <https://xmpp.org/registrar/disco-categories.html>. The registration is as follows.

```
<category>
  <name>directory</name>
</category>
```

12 The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) is the central coordinator for the assignment of unique parameter values for Internet protocols, such as port numbers and URI schemes. For further information, see <http://www.iana.org/>.
6.3 Service Discovery Features

This document specifies that a public server on the XMPP network is identified by the "urn:xmpp:public-server" Service Discovery feature. The XMPP Registrar shall add this feature to its registry at <https://xmpp.org/registrar/disco-features.html>. The registration is as follows.

7 XML Schema

7.1 Registration URI

```xml
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
 xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
 targetNamespace='urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1'
 xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:registration:1'
 elementFormDefault='qualified'>
<xs:element name='registration'>
 <xs:complexType>
  <xs:sequence>
   <xs:element name='uri' type='xs:anyURI'/>
  </xs:choice>
 </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

7.2 Certification Authority Information
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
    xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
    targetNamespace='urn:xmpp:vcard:ca:0'
    xmlns='urn:xmpp:vcard:ca:0'
    elementFormDefault='qualified'>
    <xs:element name='ca'>
        <xs:complexType>
            <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name='name' type='xs:string'/>
                <xs:element name='uri' type='xs:anyURI'/>
            </xs:choice>
        </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
</xs:schema>