This document defines a data format whereby basic information of an XMPP domain can be expressed and exposed over pub-sub.
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1 Introduction

To facilitate discovery of information of individual domains in an XMPP-based network, this specification defines a data format to define basic information for individual XMPP domains. By leveraging Publish-Subscribe (XEP-0060) this information can efficiently be shared with applications that compose an overview of the larger XMPP network.

2 Requirements

- Describe links between nodes in an XMPP-based network, by enumerating connections used for federation between XMPP domains.

- An extensible data format, allowing additional data (such as that defined in Software Version (XEP-0092)) to be retrievable without requiring additional round-trips.

3 Discovering Support

Domains supporting the publication of Server Information data, as described in this document, MUST advertise the fact by announcing a Service Discovery (XEP-0030) feature of 'urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'. This signifies that an administrative entity approved the publication of data, which is important for the opt-in mechanism described in Privacy Considerations section of this document.

The pub-sub service address and node in which Server Information data is advertised SHOULD be specified using a Service Discovery Extensions (XEP-0128), using an URI as specified in section 12.22 of XEP-0060. These pub-sub coordinates MUST be scoped using a FORM_TYPE of "http://jabber.org/network/serverinfo" (as specified in XEP-0157) and data form field registered for this purpose as defined in the XMPP Registrar Considerations section of this document.

When the 'urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0' feature but no corresponding Service Discovery Extension is advertised, the node that is used will be a first-level leaf node using the name 'serverinfo' on the first pub-sub service advertised through service discovery.

```
Listing 1: Service Discovery information request

<iq type='get'
 from='francisco@denmark.lit/barracks'
 to='shakespeare.lit'
 id='disco1'>
 <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'/>
</iq>
```

Listing 2: Service Discovery information response

```xml
<iq type='result'
    from='shakespeare.lit'
    to='francisco@denmark.lit/barracks'
    id='disco1'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'>
    ...
    <feature var='urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'/>
    ...
    <x xmlns='jabber:x:data' type='result'>
      <field var='FORM_TYPE' type='hidden'>
        <value>http://jabber.org/network/serverinfo</value>
      </field>
      <field var='serverinfo-pubsub-node'>
        <value>xmpp:pubsub.shakespeare.lit?;node=serverinfo</value>
      </field>
    </x>
  </query>
</iq>
```

The node MUST reference a first-level leaf node on a pub-sub service.

Listing 3: Entity queries root node for information

```xml
<iq type='get'
    from='francisco@denmark.lit/barracks'
    to='pubsub.shakespeare.lit'
    id='info1'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'
      node='serverinfo'/>
</iq>
```

Listing 4: Service responds with identity of pubsub/leaf

```xml
<iq type='result'
    from='pubsub.shakespeare.lit'
    to='francisco@denmark.lit/barracks'
    id='info1'>
  <query xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/disco#info'
      node='serverinfo'>
    ...
    <identity category='pubsub' type='leaf'/>
    ...
  </query>
</iq>
```
4 Data Format

The data format uses an element named 'serverinfo' in the namespace 'urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'. In its minimal form, it defines each XMPP domain name served by the local server in an attribute named 'name'.

Listing 5: Minimal Data Format

```xml
<serverinfo xmlns='urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'>
  <domain name='shakespeare.lit'/>
</serverinfo>
```

The optional 'federation' child element is used to denote remote XMPP domains with which the local domain is federating. Each of them are represented by an element named 'remotedomain'. The domain name of the peer in an optional attribute named 'name'. Optionally, each actual (e.g. TCP) connection from the local server to the peer is added as a 'connection' child-element to the 'remotedomain' element, that has an optional 'type' attribute, defining the directionality of the connection (one of 'incoming', 'outgoing' and 'bidi'). The name of a remote domain MUST only be included if the remote server advertises support for this XEP. This acts as an opt-in mechanism, to address the privacy concern defined in the Privacy Considerations section of this document.

Listing 6: Data Format with Federated Domains

```xml
<serverinfo xmlns="urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0">
  <domain name="shakespeare.lit">
    <federation>
      <remotedomain name='denmark.lit'>
        <connection type="incoming"/>
        <connection type="outgoing"/>
      </remotedomain>
      <remotedomain name='montague.net'>
        <connection type="bidi"/>
      </remotedomain>
    </federation>
  </domain>
</serverinfo>
```

Additional data MAY be included as child-elements of the 'serverinfo' element or any of the 'domain' elements. Such data MUST be namespaced appropriately. The example below uses the 'query' element defined in Software Version (XEP-0092)\(^5\) to include information about the software application associated with the local server.

Listing 7: Data Format with Software Version

```xml
```


3
5 Publication

The data is to be published using a pub-sub node named 'serverinfo' that MUST be a first-level leaf node of a pub-sub service for the domain. It is RECOMMENDED that the leaf-node is configured to have an open access model and contain a maximum of 1 item.

Listing 8: Publish ServerInfo Item

```xml
<iq type='set' 
    from='william@shakespeare.lit/atwork' 
    to='pubsub.shakespeare.lit' 
    id='publish1'>
  <pubsub xmlns='http://jabber.org/protocol/pubsub'>
    <publish node='serverinfo'>
      <item id='current'>
        <serverinfo xmlns='urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'>
          <domain name='shakespeare.lit'>
            <federation>
              <remote-domain name='montague.net'>
                <connection type='bidi'/>
              </remote-domain>
            </federation>
            <domain name='shakespeare.lit'>
              <federation>
                <remote-domain name='denmark.lit'>
                  <connection type='incoming'/> <connection type='outgoing'/> 
                </remote-domain>
                <remote-domain name='montague.net'>
                  <connection type='bidi'/>
                </remote-domain>
              </federation>
            </domain>
          </serverinfo>
        </item>
      </publish>
    </pubsub>
  </iq>
```
6 Implementation Notes

As certain information can be expected to be updated continuously and frequently, the server MAY choose to reduce the frequency of updates of the 'serverinfo' pub-sub node.

7 Privacy Considerations

When multiple domains publish their connections to named remote domains, an information leak occurs: by collecting these public statistics, behavioral data of those remote domains can be deduced. To prevent undesired privacy-sensitive information leaks, a domain MUST NOT publish the name of a remote domain, unless that domain advertises support for this XEP, as defined in the Discovering Support section of this document.

This way, the service discovery mechanism doubles as an opt-in mechanism. Domains that advertise support for this XEP allow other domains to reference them by domain-name in the data that they publish. The mere presence of an applicable pub-sub node MUST NOT be used for Service Discovery purposes, as under common service configuration, non-administrative users are allowed to create such nodes.

8 XMPP Registrar Considerations

Upon advancement of this specification from a status of Experimental to a status of Draft, the XMPP Registrar shall include the following information in its registries.

8.1 Protocol Namespaces

This specification defines the following XML namespaces:

- urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0

The XMPP Registrar shall add the foregoing namespace to the registry located at <https://xmpp.org/registrar/namespaces.html>, as described in Section 4 of XMPP Registrar Function (XEP-0053).

---

6The XMPP Registrar maintains a list of reserved protocol namespaces as well as registries of parameters used in the context of XMPP extension protocols approved by the XMPP Standards Foundation. For further information, see <https://xmpp.org/registrar/>.

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8.2 Field Standardization

Field Standardization for Data Forms (XEP-0068)\(^9\) defines a process for standardizing the fields used within Data Forms qualified by a particular namespace, and XEP-0128 describes how to use field standardization in the context of service discovery. This section registers fields for server information scoped by the "http://jabber.org/network/serverinfo" FORM_TYPE.

```
<form_type>
  <name>http://jabber.org/network/serverinfo</name>
  <doc>XEP-0XXX</doc>
  <desc>
    Forms advertising the coordinates of a pub-sub service and node for publication of Server Information data.
  </desc>
  <field
    var='serverinfo-pubsub-node'
    type='text-single'
    label='An URI (per XEP-0060 section 12.22) identifying the pub-sub node on which Server Information data is published.'/>
</form_type>
```

Note that the FORM_TYPE used by Contact Addresses for XMPP Services (XEP-0157)\(^10\) is purposefully re-used by this XEP, to circumvent the restriction of having at most one XMPP Standards Foundation defined FORM_TYPE for a service discovery identity, as defined in Service Discovery Extensions (XEP-0128)\(^11\). When a service supports both features, the data in both forms SHOULD be merged into one form.

9 XML Schema

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<xs:schema
  xmlns:xs='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema'
  targetNamespace='urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'
  xmlns='urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0'
  elementFormDefault='qualified'>
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>
      The protocol documented by this schema is defined in XEP-0XXX: http://www.xmpp.org/extensions/xep-0XXX.html
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:documentation>
```

---


<xs:element name="serverinfo" type="urn:serverinfoType" xmlns:urn="urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0"/>

<xs:simpleType name="directionType" final="restriction">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="incoming" />
    <xs:enumeration value="outgoing" />
    <xs:enumeration value="bidi" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

<xs:complexType name="connectionType">
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="xs:string">
      <xs:attribute type="directionType" name="type" use="optional" />
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="remote-domainType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element type="urn:connectionType" name="connection" maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" xmlns:urn="urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute type="xs:string" name="name" use="optional" />
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="federationType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element type="urn:remote-domainType" name="remote-domain" maxOccurs="unbounded" minOccurs="0" xmlns:urn="urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0" />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="domainType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element type="urn:federationType" name="federation" xmlns:urn="urn:xmpp:serverinfo:0" />
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute type="xs:string" name="name" />
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="serverinfoType">
  <xs:sequence>
10 Acknowledgements

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